

Q.P. Code: 134005

Reg. No.....

First Professional B.S.M.S Degree Supplementary Examinations January 2024
Udalkoorugal (Anatomy) (SIDUG-UK) Paper II
(2021 Scheme)

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

- Answer all questions to the point neatly and legibly • Do not leave any blank pages between answers • Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space
- Answer all parts of a single question together • Leave sufficient space between answers
- Draw table/diagrams/flow charts wherever necessary

1. Multiple Choice Questions

(20x1=20)

The Answers to MCQ questions (Q.No.i to Q.No.xx) shall be written continuously on the first two writing sheets (ie Page No. 3 & 4) only

- The normal pressure of cerebrospinal fluid is
 - 60 - 100 mm H₂O
 - 40 - 100 mm H₂O
 - 60 - 80 mm H₂O
 - 80 - 100 mm H₂O
- Injury of lateral spinothalamic tract results in
 - Ipsilateral Loss of pain and temperature
 - Contralateral loss of touch and pressure
 - Contralateral loss of pain and temperature
 - Ipsilateral loss of touch and pressure
- The cranial nerves emerge out of the foramina which is not correct
 - Trigeminal nerve - Foramen Ovale
 - Facial Nerve - Internal Acoustic Meatus
 - Vagus Nerve - Jugular Foramen
 - Accessory Spinal nerve-Foramen spinosum.
- Which of the following part is not related with cerebellum
 - Colliculi
 - Declive
 - Folium
 - Culmen
- Which is the head ganglion of autonomic nervous system
 - Thalamus
 - Epithalamus
 - Metathalamus
 - Hypothalamus
- The opening of nasolacrimal duct is guarded by
 - Inferior concha
 - Middle concha
 - Hasners valve
 - Bulla
- The velvety appearance of tongue formed by
 - Valiate papillae
 - Fungiform papillae
 - Filiform papillae
 - Folliate papillae
- Which is not an unpaired cartilage of the larynx
 - Thyroid
 - Cricoid
 - Epiglottis
 - Cuneiform
- The sinoatrial node generates impulses at the rate of
 - 60-70 bpm
 - 70-90 bpm
 - 70-100 bpm
 - 40-60 bpm
- The eruption of second molar teeth occurs at
 - 10-11 years
 - 11-12 years
 - 13-14 years
 - 15-16 years
- The retro peritoneal organ is
 - Stomach
 - Small intestine
 - Spleen
 - Duodenum

(PTO)

- xii. Which of the following structures does not form the stomach bed
 a) Diaphragm b) Left Kidney c) Pancreas d) 4th part of duodenum
- xiii. The length of vermiform appendix varies from
 a) 2-9 cm b) 9-20 cm c) 2-20 cm d) 9-16 cm
- xiv. Which among this is not a true valve
 a) Haustons valve b) Valve of heister
 c) Valve of wirsung duct d) Valve of hoffmans duct
- xv. The normal quantity of urine that causes a desire to micturition is
 a) 120ml b) 220ml c) 320ml d) 250ml
- xvi. Which of the following sphincter is missing in females
 a) Rhabdo sphincter b) Preprostatic sphincter
 c) Urethral sphincter d) Pubourethral sphincter
- xvii. In females mullerian duct is also called as
 a) Mesonephric duct b) Para Mesonephric duct
 c) Wolffian duct d) Duct of gartner
- xviii. Which gland in male is homologus with the Bartholin's gland in female
 a) Prostate gland b) Cowper gland c) Seminal vesicle d) All of the above
- xix. The vertical level of thyroid gland extension is
 a) C3-C7 b) C4-C7, T1 c) C2-C7 d) C5-C7, T1
- xx. Tetany occurs due to
 a) Hypoparathyroidism b) Hyper- parathyroidism
 c) Tumors of the parathyroid d) All of the above

Short Answer Questions

(8x5=40)

2. Medulla oblongata
3. Sketch the brachial plexus and explain its branches
4. Briefly explain the retina and its layers with suitable diagram
5. Describe the skin with diagram
6. Explain the root of the lungs and its contents
7. Describe the superior mediastinum and structures passing through it
8. Write about the pericardium of heart
9. Supra renal gland

Long Answer Questions

(4x10=40)

10. Explain the cerebrum with diagram and its applied anatomy
11. Give a detail about features of pancreas with its clinical importance
12. Write about the structure of kidney with applied anatomy
13. Describe the uterus with diagram and its ligaments with applied anatomy
