2019 Scheme

Q.P. Code: 213001

Reg. no.: Second Professional MBBS Degree Regular/Supplementary **Examinations January 2023** Pathology - Paper I (General Pathology and Hematology including Clinical Pathology) Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100 Answer all questions to the point neatly and legibly • Do not leave any blank pages between answers Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space Answer all parts of a single question together • Leave sufficient space between answers Draw table/diagrams/flow charts wherever necessary Long Essays 1. A 60-year-old male develops fatiguability, weakness, weight loss and a dragging (a) What is your provisional diagnosis. (b) Describe the peripheral smear and bone marrow findings. (c) Describe the pathogenesis and the further tests to be done. (3+7+5)(5x8=40)(5x4=20) (10x1=10)13. Name one cause for increase in hydrostatic pressure leading to edema. 14. Name a condition where "nutmeg liver pattern" is seen. 15. Name the condition of Male hypogonadism that occurs when there are two or more X chromosomes and one or more Y chromosomes.

- 16. Name the tumor marker produced by hepatocellular carcinoma and yolk sac tumors.
- 17. Name an extra cellular parasite that is found in the blood stream.
- 18. The anticoagulant of choice for packed cell volume estimation is
- 19. Name the blood group that lacks A, B and H antigens.
- 20. Name the most common complication of wound healing.
- 21. Two causes for megaloblastic anemia.
- 22. Name a diagnostic test in urine in multiple myeloma.

(2x15=30)

- sensation in the abdomen. Blood examination reveals a total count exceeding 100,000 cells /cu mm. O/E massive splenomegaly.
 - (2+8+5)
- 2. (a) Define inflammation.
 - (b) Describe the cellular events that take place in acute inflammation.
 - (c) Describe the morphological patterns of acute inflammation.

Short essays

- 3. Pathogenesis and lab diagnosis of Disseminated intravascular coagulation.
- 4. Clinicopathological classification of tuberculosis.
- 5. Lab diagnosis and Pathogenesis of β thalassemia major.
- 6. Microbial carcinogenesis.
- 7. Pathogenesis of HIV infection and AIDS.

Short answers

- Differences in CSF in pyogenic and tuberculous meningitis.
- 9. Morphological changes in apoptosis.
- 10.Type-I hyper sensitivity reaction.
- 11. Properties of amyloid.
- 12. Angiogenesis in tissue repair.

Objective type questions