QP Code: 221293	Reg. No:
MD (Hom) Part II Degree Regular Examinations October 2019	
Specialty - Repertory	

Paper I - Repertory

(2016 Scheme)

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 100

Answer all Questions

Essay: (20)

1. How does essential synthesis repertory become helpful for a case having lot of mental causations. Synthesis repertory fulfils all the standards so far as construction, rubrics arrangements, and remedies concerned - Justify.

Short Essays: (8x10=80)

- 2. Explain the construction, relevance, merits and demerits of clarke's clinical repertory and clarke's prescriber.
- 3. If Murphy's repertory is a bridge between classical and clinical repertories, then which types of cases are best adapted to it. Narrate the philosophical background and construction of Murphy's repertory.
- 4. Short notes
 - Pocket Manual of Homoeopathic medicine by Bryant.
 - Fragmenta De Veribus Medicamentorum Positivis.
- 5. Synthesize rubrics for following condition from Boericke's repertory.
 - Diabetes Mellitus
 Nephrotic syndrome.
 Person talks nonsense.
 - Geriatric complaints.
 Renal calculi
- 6. Explain The Evolution Of Final General Repertory ByPierre Schmidt From Kent's Repertory. Compare Its Unique Features With That Of Final General Repertory With Examples
- 7. Explain in detail about Kent's corrected version by R. P. Patel.
- 8. An appropriate interpretation and analysis of the terminology used in the repertories is absolutely essential in management of case, explain.
- 9. Explain different types of cross references. Why they are required for repertorisation. How does cross references represented in different repertories.
