answers • Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space Answer all parts of a single question together • Leave sufficient space between answers. • Draw Diagrams wherever necessary.

Second Year B.Sc MLT Degree Regular/Supplementary Examinations May 2021 Haematology II and Clinical Pathology

- 1. What are Romanowsky stains. Name five Romanowsky stains. Write the principle of staining and its applications in haematology.
- 2. Name the abnormal chemical constituents in urine and the test performed to detect them. Discuss the significance of chemical analysis of urine.

## Short notes

- 3. Anticoagulants
- 4. Prothrombin time
- 5. Hb estimation by cyan meth hemoglobin method
- Discuss CSF analysis and interpretation in meningitis
- 7. Blood picture in iron deficiency anemia
- 8. Cytochemical stains and their applications
- 9. What is internal quality control in haematology. Give three examples
- 10. Name the urinary casts. How are they detected
- 11. What are the advantages of automation in haematology lab
- 12. Hemoglobin electrophoresis in normal and in B thalassemia major

## Answer briefly

- 13. Bence Jones protein. How is it detected
- 14. What are the hematological evidences of haemolysis
- 15. Name the pathways of coagulation and the tests used to assess their function
- 16. Explain normal differential count in an adult. What are the causes of lymphocytosis.
- 17. Name the stages of erythropoiesis
- 18. Define hematocrit. Write the normal values
- 19. The principle of osmotic fragility test. Name one indication
- 20. Red cell inclusions
- 21. What is a vacutainer. Name the types of vacutainers
- 22. Name the stain used to detect iron in the bone marrow. What is the principle of staining. \*\*\*\*\*

(10x5=50)

### (10x3=30)

# Answer all questions to the point neatly and legibly • Do not leave any blank pages between

Time: 3 Hours

Essays

# (2x10=20)

**Total Marks: 100**