QP Code: 108391 Reg. No......

Post M.Sc Diploma in Radiological Physics Examination January 2018

Radiation Safety

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

- Answer all questions
- Use of Calculators/physical and mathematical tables permitted.

Essay: (2x14 = 28)

- In Co-60 machine if source is out and dropped to the floor during patient treatment; as RSO what will be your immediate actions. Draw a neat sketch of Cobalt-60 teletherapy facility layout. (9 + 5)
- 2. What are the responsibilities of a radiological safety officer as mentioned in RPR 2014. What is the dose rate at 2 m from a 7.4GBq point source of Cs-137. What is the thickness of lead required to reduce the dose rate to less than 0.02mGy/h. If the source activity is increased to 29.6GBq, what additional thickness of lead would be required to keep the dose rate at the same level. Given: HVL of lead: 7mm. Dose rate constant of Cs-137: 8.5 x 10-8 Gy-m2/MBq-h. (9+5)

Short Essays (4x8=32)

- 3. Define equivalent dose and effective dose. Explain ALARA.
- 4. Draw neat diagram of layouts of linear accelerator and HDR facilities.
- 5. Explain general methods of disposal- management of radioactive waste in medical, industrial, agricultural and research establishments
- 6. Responsibilities of employers, licensees, radiological safety officer.

Short Notes (10x4=40)

- 7. Define tissue weighing factors.
- 8. Annual dose limits of radiation workers and public.
- 9. Radiation protective equipment's in diagnostic radiology.
- 10. Classifications of radioactive waste.
- 11. What documents are required to transport radioactive material.
- 12. What is loading and unloading of source.
- 13. Radiation hazards in brachytherapy.
- 14. Design of transport container.
- 15. What are the radiation protection procedures in brachytherapy.
- 16. Explain safety and security of sources during storage.
